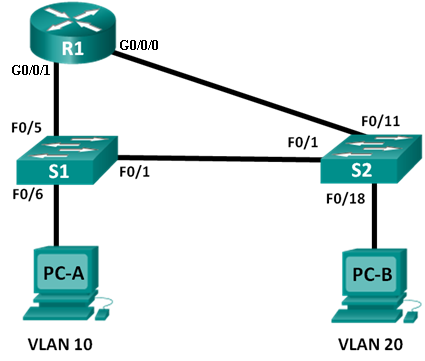
Lab 3.2 – 6.3.2.4 Configuring Per-Interface Inter-VLAN Routing – PT (Sem B 2020/2021)

1. Topology



1. Addressing Table

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask | Default Gateway |
| R1 | G0/0/0 | 192.168.20.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A |
|  | G0/0/1 | 192.168.10.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A |
| S1 | VLAN 10 | 192.168.10.11 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.10.1 |
| S2 | VLAN 10 | 192.168.10.12 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.10.1 |
| PC-A | NIC | 192.168.10.2 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.10.1 |
| PC-B | NIC | 192.168.20.2 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.20.1 |

1. Objectives

Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

Part 2: Configure Switches with VLANs and Trunking

Part 3: Verify Trunking, VLANs, Routing, and Connectivity

1. Background / Scenario

Legacy inter-VLAN routing is seldom used in today’s networks; however, it is helpful to configure and understand this type of routing before moving on to router-on-a-stick (trunk-based) inter-VLAN routing or configuring Layer-3 switching. Also, you may encounter per-interface inter-VLAN routing in organizations with very small networks. One of the benefits of legacy inter-VLAN routing is ease of configuration.

In this lab, you will set up one router with two switches attached via the router Gigabit Ethernet interfaces. Two separate VLANs will be configured on the switches, and you will set up routing between the VLANs.

1. Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

In Part 1, open the template file and set up the network topology.

* 1. Cable the network as shown in the topology.
  2. Configure basic settings for R1.
     1. Console into R1 and enter global configuration mode.
     2. Copy the following basic configuration and paste it to the running-configuration on R1 (optional).

hostname R1

service password-encryption

line con 0

password conpass

login

logging synchronous

line vty 0 4

password vtypass

login

* + 1. Configure addressing on G0/0/0 and G0/0/1 and enable both interfaces.
    2. Copy the running configuration to the startup configuration.
  1. Configure basic settings on both switches.
     1. Console into the switch and enter global configuration mode.
     2. Copy the following basic configuration and paste it to running-configuration on the switch(optional).

service password-encryption

Line con 0

password conpass

login

logging synchronous

line vty 0 15

password vtypass

login

exit

* + 1. Configure the host name as shown in the topology.
    2. Copy the running configuration to the startup configuration.
  1. Configure basic settings on PC-A and PC-B.

Configure PC-A and PC-B with IP addresses and a default gateway address according to the Addressing Table.

1. Configure Switches with VLANs and Trunking

In Part 2, you will configure the switches with VLANs and trunking.

* 1. Configure VLANs on S1 (if you forget the commands, refer to Appendix A).
     1. On S1, create VLAN 10. Assign **Student** as the VLAN name.
     2. Create VLAN 20. Assign **Faculty-Admin** as the VLAN name.
     3. Configure F0/1 as a trunk port.
     4. Assign ports F0/5 and F0/6 to VLAN 10 and configure both F0/5 and F0/6 as access ports.
     5. Assign an IP address to VLAN 10 and enable it. Refer to the Addressing Table.
     6. Configure the default gateway according to the Addressing Table.
  2. Configure VLANs on S2.
     1. On S2, create VLAN 10. Assign **Student** as the VLAN name.
     2. Create VLAN 20. Assign **Faculty-Admin** as the VLAN name.
     3. Configure F0/1 as a trunk port.
     4. Assign ports F0/11 and F0/18 to VLAN 20 and configure both F0/11 and F0/18 as access ports.
     5. Assign an IP address to VLAN 10 and enable it. Refer to the Addressing Table.
     6. Configure the default gateway according to the Addressing Table.

1. Verify Trunking, VLANs, Routing, and Connectivity
   1. Verify the R1 routing table.
      1. On R1, issue the **show ip route** command. What routes are listed on R1?

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* + 1. On both S1 and S2, issue the **show interface trunk** command. Is the F0/1 port on both switches set to trunk? \_\_\_\_\_\_
    2. Issue a **show vlan brief** command on both S1 and S2. Verify that VLANs 10 and 20 are active and that the proper ports on the switches are in the correct VLANs. Why is F0/1 not listed in any of the active VLANs?

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* + 1. Ping from PC-A in VLAN 10 to PC-B in VLAN 20. If Inter-VLAN routing is functioning correctly, the pings between the 192.168.10.0 network and the 192.168.20.0 should be successful.
    2. Verify connectivity between devices. You should be able to ping between all devices. ***Troubleshoot if you are not successful.***

\*\* Save the .pkt file and upload to Canvas

1. Appendix A: Configuration Commands
2. Switch S1

S1(config)# **vlan 10**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Student**

S1(config-vlan)# **exit**

S1(config)# **vlan 20**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Faculty-Admin**

S1(config-vlan)# **exit**

S1(config)# **interface f0/1**

S1(config-if)# **switchport mode trunk**

S1(config-if)# **interface range f0/5 – 6**

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport mode access**

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport access vlan 10**

S1(config-if-range)# **interface vlan 10**

S1(config-if)# **ip address 192.168.10.11 255.255.255.0**

S1(config-if)# **no shut**

S1(config-if)# **exit**

S1(config)# **ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1**

1. Switch S2

S2(config)# **vlan 10**

S2(config-vlan)# **name Student**

S2(config-vlan)# **exit**

S2(config)# **vlan 20**

S2(config-vlan)# **name Faculty-Admin**

S2(config-vlan)# **exit**

S2(config)# **interface f0/1**

S2(config-if)# **switchport mode trunk**

S2(config-if)# **interface f0/11**

S2(config-if)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if)# **switchport access vlan 20**

S2(config-if)# **interface f0/18**

S2(config-if)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if)# **switchport access vlan 20**

S2(config-if)# **interface vlan 10**

S2(config-if)#**ip address 192.168.10.12 255.255.255.0**

S2(config-if)# **no shut**

S2(config-if)# **exit**

S2(config)# **ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1**